

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc)

1 Purpose

nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc) computes an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of a sparse matrix given an LU factorization of the matrix computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).

2 Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagf11.h>

void nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (Nag_NormType norm, Integer n,
    const Integer il[], const double lval[], const Integer iu[],
    const double uval[], double anorm, double *rcond, NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc) estimates the condition number of a real sparse matrix A , in either the 1-norm or the ∞ -norm:

$$\kappa_1(A) = \|A\|_1 \|A^{-1}\|_1 \quad \text{or} \quad \kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty.$$

Note that $\kappa_\infty(A) = \kappa_1(A^T)$.

Because the condition number is infinite if A is singular, the function actually returns an estimate of the **reciprocal** of the condition number.

The function should be preceded by a call to nag_superlu_matrix_norm (f11mlc) to compute $\|A\|_1$ or $\|A\|_\infty$, and a call to nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec) to compute the LU factorization of A . The function then estimates $\|A^{-1}\|_1$ or $\|A^{-1}\|_\infty$ and computes the reciprocal of the condition number.

4 References

None.

5 Arguments

- 1: **norm** – Nag_NormType *Input*
On entry: indicates whether $\kappa_1(A)$ or $\kappa_\infty(A)$ is to be estimated.
norm = Nag_RealOneNorm
 $\kappa_1(A)$ is estimated.
norm = Nag_RealInfNorm
 $\kappa_\infty(A)$ is estimated.
Constraint: **norm = Nag_RealOneNorm** or **Nag_RealInfNorm**.
- 2: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the order of the matrix A .
Constraint: **n** $\geq$ 0.

- 3: **il**[*dim*] – const Integer *Input*
On entry: records the sparsity pattern of matrix L as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 4: **lval**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
On entry: records the non-zero values of matrix L and some non-zero values of matrix U as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 5: **iu**[*dim*] – const Integer *Input*
On entry: records the sparsity pattern of matrix U as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 6: **uval**[*dim*] – const double *Input*
On entry: records some non-zero values of matrix U as computed by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
- 7: **anorm** – double *Input*
On entry: if **norm** = Nag_RealOneNorm, the 1-norm of the matrix A .
 If **norm** = Nag_RealInfNorm, the ∞ -norm of the matrix A .
anorm may be computed by calling nag_superlu_matrix_norm (f11mlc) with the same value for the argument **norm**.
Constraint: **anorm** $\geq$ 0.0.
- 8: **rcond** – double * *Output*
On exit: an estimate of the reciprocal of the condition number of A . **rcond** is set to zero if exact singularity is detected or the estimate underflows. If **rcond** is less than *machine precision*, A is singular to working precision.
- 9: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
 The NAG error argument (see Section 2.6 of the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Dynamic memory allocation failed.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, argument $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

NE_INT

On entry, **n** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **n** $\geq$ 0.

NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

NE_REAL

On entry, **anorm** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **anorm** $\geq$ 0.0.

7 Accuracy

The computed estimate **rcond** is never less than the true value ρ , and in practice is nearly always less than 10ρ , although examples can be constructed where **rcond** is much larger.

8 Further Comments

A call to `nag_superlu_condition_number_lu` (f11mgc) involves solving a number of systems of linear equations of the form $Ax = b$ or $A^T x = b$.

9 Example

To estimate the condition number in the 1-norm of the matrix A , where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2.00 & 1.00 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1.00 & -1.00 & 0 \\ 4.00 & 0 & 1.00 & 0 & 1.00 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1.00 & 2.00 \\ 0 & -2.00 & 0 & 0 & 3.00 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Here A is non-symmetric and must first be factorized by `nag_superlu_lu_factorize` (f11mec). The true condition number in the 1-norm is 20.25.

9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc) Example Program.
 *
 * Copyright 2005 Numerical Algorithms Group.
 *
 * Mark 8, 2005.
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf11.h>

int main(void)
{
    double d__1;
    double anorm, flop, rcond, thresh;
    Integer exit_status=0, i, n, nnz, nnzl, nnzu, nzlmax, nzlmax, nzumx;
    double *a=0, *lval=0, *uval=0;
    Integer *icolzp=0, *il=0, *iprm=0, *irowix=0, *iu=0;
    /* Nag types */
    NagError fail;
    Nag_ColumnPermutationType ispec;
    Nag_NormType norm;

    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf( "nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc) Example Program Results"
            "\n\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[\n] ");
    /* Read order of matrix */
    Vscanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &n);
    /* Read the matrix A */
    if ( !(icolzp = NAG_ALLOC(n+1, Integer)) )
    {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
    for (i = 1; i <= n + 1; ++i)
        Vscanf("%ld%*[\n] ", &icolzp[i - 1]);
```

```

nnz = icolzp[n] - 1;
/* Allocate memory */
if ( !(irowix = NAG_ALLOC(nnz, Integer)) ||
    !(a = NAG_ALLOC(nnz, double)) ||
    !(il = NAG_ALLOC(7*n+8*nnz+4, Integer)) ||
    !(iu = NAG_ALLOC(2*n+8*nnz+1, Integer)) ||
    !(uval = NAG_ALLOC(8*nnz, double)) ||
    !(lval = NAG_ALLOC(8*nnz, double)) ||
    !(iprm = NAG_ALLOC(7*n, Integer)) )
{
    Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
    exit_status = -1;
    goto END;
}
for (i = 1; i <= nnz; ++i)
    Vscanf("%lf%ld%*[^\\n] ", &a[i - 1], &irowix[i - 1]);

/* Calculate COLAMD permutation */
ispec = Nag_Sparse_Colamd;
/* nag_superlu_column_permutation (f11mdc).
 * Real sparse nonsymmetric linear systems, setup for
 * nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec)
 */
nag_superlu_column_permutation(ispec, n, icolzp, irowix, iprm, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_superlu_column_permutation (f11mdc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Factorise */
thresh = 1.;
nzlmx = 8*nnz;
nzlumx = 8*nnz;
nzumx = 8*nnz;
/* nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).
 * LU factorization of real sparse matrix
 */
nag_superlu_lu_factorize(n, irowix, a, iprm, thresh, nzlmx, &nzlumx, nzumx,
                        il, lval, iu, uval, &nnzl, &nnzu, &flop, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Calculate norm */
norm = Nag_RealOneNorm;
/* nag_superlu_matrix_norm (f11mlc).
 * 1-norm, infinity-norm, largest absolute element, real
 * general matrix
 */
nag_superlu_matrix_norm(norm, &anorm, n, icolzp, irowix, a, &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_superlu_matrix_norm (f11mlc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Calculate condition number */
/* nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc).
 * Estimate condition number of real matrix, matrix already
 * factorized by nag_superlu_lu_factorize (f11mec)
 */
nag_superlu_condition_number_lu(norm, n, il, lval, iu, uval, anorm, &rcond,

```

```

                                &fail);
if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
{
    Vprintf("Error from nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc).\n%s\n",
            fail.message);
    exit_status = 1;
    goto END;
}

/* Output result */
d__1 = 1 / rcond;
Vprintf("\n%s\n %7.3f,%7.3f\n",    "    Norm,  Condition number",
        anorm,  d__1);
Vprintf("\n");

END:
if (a) NAG_FREE(a);
if (lval) NAG_FREE(lval);
if (uval) NAG_FREE(uval);
if (icolzp) NAG_FREE(icolzp);
if (il) NAG_FREE(il);
if (iprm) NAG_FREE(iprm);
if (irowix) NAG_FREE(irowix);
if (iu) NAG_FREE(iu);

return exit_status;
}

```

9.2 Program Data

nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc) Example Program Data

```

5  n
1
3
5
7
9
12  icolzp(i) i=0..n
2.  1
4.  3
1.  1
-2. 5
1.  2
1.  3
-1. 2
1.  4
1.  3
2.  4
3.  5      a(i), irowix(i) i=0..nnz-1

```

9.3 Program Results

nag_superlu_condition_number_lu (f11mgc) Example Program Results

```

Norm,  Condition number
6.000, 20.250

```
